RESOLUTION NO.

Resolution urging the President and the Congress of the United States of America to

[Supporting Filipino Veterans Equity Act]

honor the contributions of Filipino World War II veterans by passing the Filipino Veterans Equity Act, specifically HR 4574.

WHEREAS, On July 26, 1941, when the Philippines was under the sovereignty of the United States of America, President Franklin D. Roosevelt issued an executive order, pursuant to the Philippines' Independence Act, that called all organized military forces of the Philippines into the service of the United States; and

WHEREAS, President Roosevelt's executive order enabled over 200,000 Filipino soldiers to be inducted into the United States Armed Forces in the Far East (USAFFE); and

WHEREAS, On December 8, 1941, just 10 hours after Japan attacked the United States at Pearl Harbor, Japan bombed United States military bases located in the Philippines and consequently brought the Filipino people into World War II; and

WHEREAS, On March 27, 1942, the United States Congress passed Title 8 of the Second War Powers Act granting non-citizens who served in the United States Armed Forces during the war United States citizenship status and subsequently providing every member of the USAFFE, certain individuals who served in the Commonwealth Army of the Philippines, and certain Philippine Scouts equal treatment under the law as provided by the Fourteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution; and

WHEREAS, On April 9, 1942, the United States surrendered the Philippines to Japan which led 75,000 USAFFE, Commonwealth Army of the Philippines, Philippine scouts, and other soldiers on the Bataan Death March, whereby nearly 10,000 Filipino soldiers perished in route to internment; and

WHEREAS, On September 2, 1945, Japan surrendered the Philippines back to the United States and effectively ended World War II on the islands of the Philippines; and

WHEREAS, Despite the promise to provide citizenship status and equal protection under the Fourteenth Amendment, in November 1945, the United States State Department and the United States Immigration and Naturalization Services placed a moratorium on all applications for naturalization by Filipino war veterans; and

WHEREAS, One month after the start of the moratorium, Congress passed the Rescissions Act of 1946, which proclaimed that the service of the Filipino veterans in World War II who served under President Roosevelt's Executive Order were no longer deemed to have been active military, naval, or air service for the purposes of any law of the United States; and

WHEREAS, In October 1990, nearly 45 years after the passage of the Rescissions Act, the Congress passed and President George H.W. Bush signed into law, the 1990 Immigration and Naturalization Act which finally granted United States citizenship status to all Filipino veterans; and

WHEREAS, Despite being granted citizenship status, surviving Filipino-American veterans have not been provided equal treatment, recognition, or benefits for their service, as Filipino-American veterans do not receive disability pension, home buying assistance, and

many other privileges that are attached to veterans status; and

WHEREAS, As of September 2004, the number of surviving Filipino-American veterans was approximately 28,000 (8,000 of whom live in the United States) with a large population living in California; however, this total is less than one-half of Filipino-American veterans estimated to be living just four years ago and the numbers continue to decline rapidly as nearly all of the veterans are in their 70s and 80s; and

WHEREAS, Many of these veterans are disabled, low income, and in desperate need of existing services available to other veterans and that was promised to them approximately 60 years ago; and

WHEREAS, These Filipino-American veterans served the United States during World War II and came to our aid in a time of need and the failure to pay these benefits reflects poorly on the honor of our country; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors salutes and honors the braves sacrifices of the Filipino WWII veteran's and is a beacon of hope and leadership so that their plight for equity is respected and their campaign for equity is supported; and

WHEREAS, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors passed Resolution No. 051371 in August 2005 supporting HR302 and S 146 which has been changed to HR 4574; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, The San Francisco Board of Supervisors hereby formally endorses the Filipino Veterans Equity Act, HR 4574; and, be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That the San Francisco Board of Supervisors urges the President and the Congress of the United States to honor the contributions of our Filipino World War II

Veterans and to immediately pay them the veterans benefits as promised by passing Filipino Veterans Equity Act, HR 4574; and, be it

FINALLY RESOLVED, Copies of this resolution be presented to the President of the United States, to the Speaker of the United States House of Representatives, to the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, and to each member of the California Congressional Delegation.



## City and County of San Francisco Tails

City Hall 1 Dr. Carlton B. Goodlett Place San Francisco, CA 94102-4689

## Resolution

File Number:

060196

Date Passed:

Resolution urging the President and the Congress of the United States of America to honor the contributions of Filipino World War II veterans by passing the Filipino Veterans Equity Act, specifically HR 4574.

February 14, 2006 Board of Supervisors — ADOPTED

Ayes: 11 - Alioto-Pier, Ammiano, Daly, Dufty, Elsbernd, Ma, Maxwell, McGoldrick, Mirkarimi, Peskin, Sandoval

File No. 060196

I hereby certify that the foregoing Resolution was ADOPTED on February 14, 2006 by the Board of Supervisors of the City and County of San Francisco.

7.23.06

**Date Approved** 

Mayor Gavin Newsom

Gloria L. Young Clerk of the Boar