[Building Code - Registration of Vacant/Abandoned Buildings; Annual Fee and Penalties for Violation.]

Ordinance amending the San Francisco Building Code by adding Section 103A.4 to require the owner of a vacant or abandoned building to register the building with the Department of Building Inspection, require the owner to maintain the grounds and the exterior and interior of the building in good condition, and provide that a property in violation of the requirements is a public nuisance; and by amending Section 110, Table 1A-J to establish an annual registration fee; adopting environmental and other findings.

NOTE:

Additions are <u>single-underline italics Times New Roman</u>; deletions are <u>strike-through italics Times New Roman</u>. Board amendment additions are <u>double-underlined</u>; Board amendment deletions are <u>strikethrough normal</u>.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco: Section 1. Findings.

- (a) Environmental Findings. The Planning Department has determined that the actions contemplated in this Ordinance are in compliance with the California Environmental Quality Act (California Public Resources Code sections 21000 et seq.). Said determination is on file with the Clerk of the Board of Supervisors in File No. ______ and is incorporated herein by reference.
 - (b) General Findings.
- (1) Abandoned or vacant buildings are a major cause and source of blight in both residential and nonresidential neighborhoods, especially when the owner of the property fails to actively maintain and manage it.

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- (2) Boarded buildings, substandard or unkempt properties, and long-term vacancies discourage economic development, lower property values or retard their appreciation, and constitute a public nuisance.
- (3) Vacant properties are often overgrown with weeds and other vegetation, used as a dumping ground for debris, toxic or other hazardous substances, and used drug needles. Blighted vacant properties also attract vagrants, gang members, and other criminal elements as prime locations to conduct their illegal activities.
- (4) When the owner of a vacant or abandoned building allows the building to deteriorate to such an extent that the building must be demolished, persons and neighboring properties could be endangered. In these circumstances, the owner of the building can often evade Planning Code notice and hearing procedures that would otherwise be required, and the neighborhood and the City as a whole lose an important and sometimes historically significant resource.

Section 2. The San Francisco Building Code is hereby amended by adding Section 103A.4, to read as follows:

103A.4. Vacant or Abandoned Buildings - Annual registration; registration fee.

Whenever the Building Official has probable cause to believe that a building is vacant or abandoned, the Building Official shall serve the owner of record, as shown on the Assessor's Records, or authorized agent with a written notice requiring the owner to register the building with the Department as vacant or abandoned within the period of time specified in the notice. A registration fee shall be paid at the time of registration and annually thereafter. See Section 110A, Table 1A-J for applicable fee.

For purposes of this Section 103A.4, a building shall not be considered vacant if:

(1)	There is a valid building permit for repair, rehabilitation, or construction of a building
on the parcel	and the owner is progressing diligently to complete the repair, rehabilitation, or
construction;	

- (2) The building complies with all codes, does not contribute to blight, is ready for occupancy, and is actively being offered for sale, lease, or rent.
- 103A.4.1 Sign posting. The owner of record of the vacant building is required to post a sign at the front of the building, in a conspicuous location protected from the weather, that provides the current name, address, and phone number of the owner of record or an authorized agent. If a notice of default or foreclosure has been recorded for the property, the lender's name, address, and telephone number must also be provided. The sign shall be no smaller than 8 1/2 inches by 11 inches.
- 104A.4.2 Maintenance of property exterior. The property owner shall actively maintain and monitor the exterior of the building and the grounds so that they remain in continuing compliance with all applicable codes and regulations, and do not contribute to and are not likely to contribute to blight. Active maintenance and monitoring shall include, but not be limited to:
 - (1) Maintenance of landscaping and plant materials in good condition:
 - (2) Regular removal of all exterior trash, debris, and graffiti.
- (3) Maintenance of the exterior of the building in a good condition that is structurally safe and preserves the physical integrity of the structure, including but not limited to paint and finishes, foundation, roof, chimneys, flues, gutters, downspouts, scuppers, flashing, exterior stairs and decks.
 - (4) Prevention of criminal activity on the premises and trespass by unauthorized persons.
- 104A.4.3 Maintenance of property interior. The property owner shall preserve the interior of the building from damage by the elements or plumbing leaks, and keep it free from accumulation of garbage and other debris, and from infestation by rodents, insects, or other pests.
- 104A.4.4 Security. The building shall be secured against unauthorized entry. For the first year, doors, windows, and other openings may be secured with plywood panels. After the first year,

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